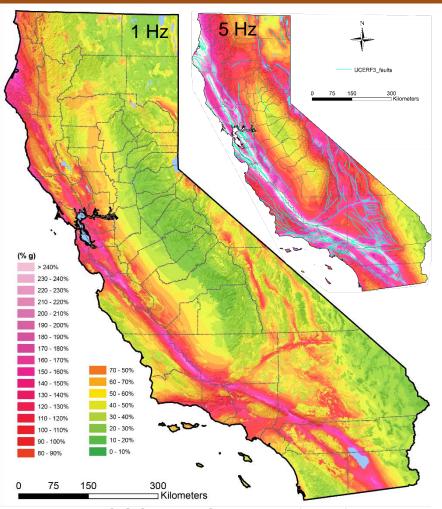
CGS Utilization of USGS Seismic Hazard Information

- Estimating statewide annualized losses
- Producing regulatory seismic hazard zone maps
- Developing

 earthquake scenarios
 and estimating

 scenario losses

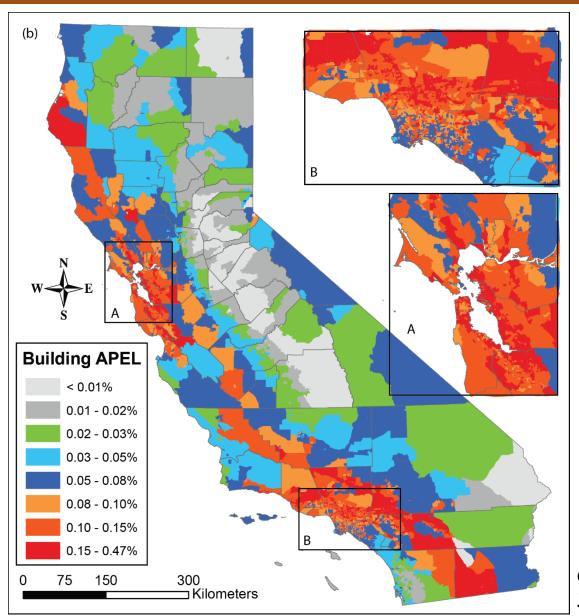




Updated CGS Map Sheet 48 (draft): NSHMs + Voca Map by Wills et al. BSSA (

NSHMs + $V_{\rm S30}$ Map by Wills et al. BSSA (in print) + Seyhan and Stewart EQS (2014) amplification model

Statewide Annualized Loss Estimation

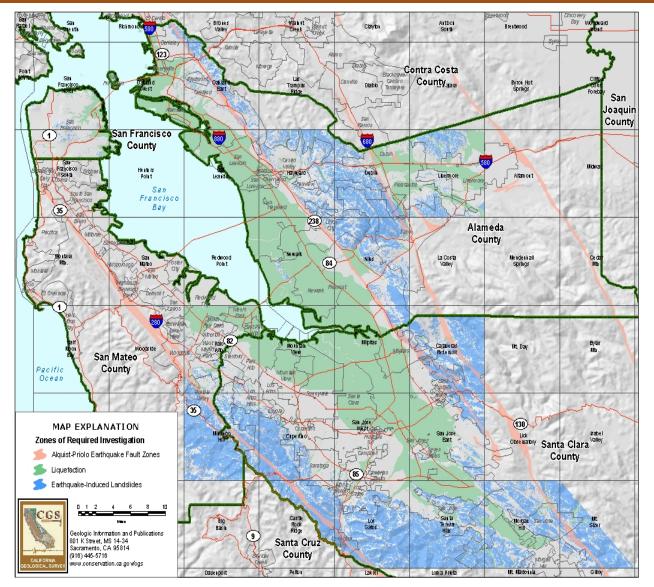


Required Hazard Information:

- PGA, PGV, and PSAs at 0.3 s and 1.0 s
- On a coordinate grid covering California
- For 8 or more hazard levels
- Incorporate site conditions (V_{S30})

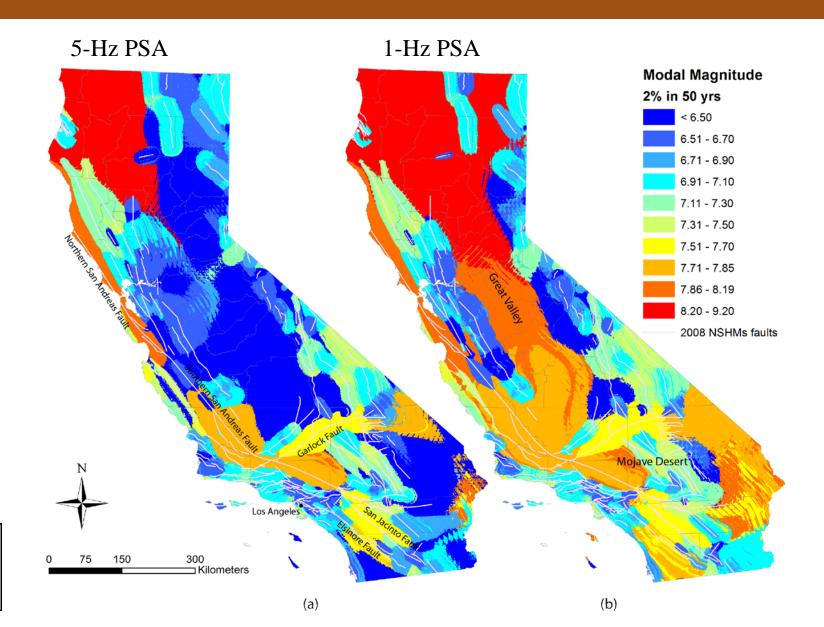
Chen et al. 2013 Earthquake Spectra, 29(4) Jaiswal et al. 2015 Earthquake Spectra, posted

Regulatory Liquefaction and Earthquake Induced Landslide Zone Maps



- Empowered by *Seismic Hazard Mapping Act*
- Need modal M on a grid via grid-based deaggregation
- Need to scale PGA by M to account for duration effects

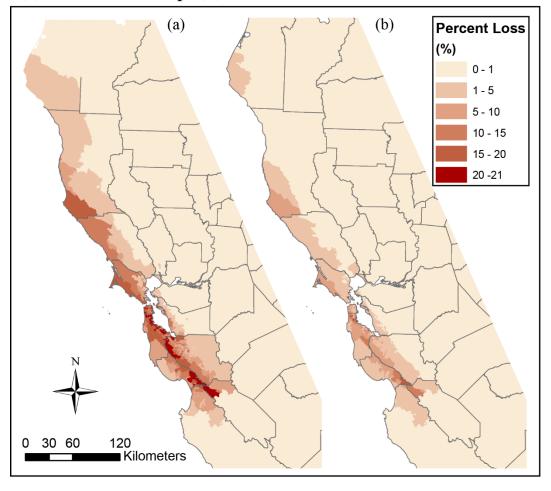
Examples of Modal Magnitude Maps





Earthquake Planning Scenarios and Scenario Loss Estimation

A repeat of M7.9 1906 San Francisco earthquake, (a) 2003 ShakeMap, (b) Frankel code with 2008 NGAs



For a particular earthquake we can project:

- Ground shaking
- Surface fault displacement
- Maps of potential liquefaction and landslide areas
- Damage to different types of structures
- Damage to infrastructure
- Economic losses

Chen et al. 2013 Earthquake Spectra, 29(4)